

Vol. V. Great Salt Lake City, U. T., Monday Morning, March 5, 1866.

[No. 50]

GOOD MANNERS.—Who has ever been brought into contact with a light-hearted Quaker

such for instance, as the late Joseph John Gurney, but has felt the controlling sway of beautiful manners. It is difficult, in the presence of that man, to say what it was that affected you so powerfully. Other men have had a smile equally benignant & a voice equally melodious.

gait and motion equally graceful; a goodness of heart; a sweetness of disposition; a gentleness and openness of speech equally inspiring confidence. It was somehow the infinite delicacy with which, what

him so finely tempered together, that you felt as if mingling with a being of superior nature; and you felt quite at much at your ease as if talking with those of common clay. It was real Christian goodness of heart speaking out through the whole man; The very hem of his garment seemed to speak. To analyze the manner of such a man

and detect its hidden mystery is like attempting to analyze delicate perfume. The most ethereal of its occult essences are sure to escape you. You only know, in such a case, that there is true Christian charity at the bottom, that there is varied knowledge and intellectual power, and that every adventurous advantage of person and dress is used to give whatever is said or done its very highest and happiest effect. Such a manner is the fruit of long-continued and most assiduous cultivation. It is, indeed, to some extent, a gift of nature. But it depends still more upon culture and art. It does not

on the contrary, it often increases with years. Men and women in extreme old age have been known to possess a wider tolerance than an actual power of fascination, which the young could by no means equal.—Dr. Hart.

ATTENTION BATTALION!
WHAT everybody says must be true, and all agree, that the best place in Utah Territory to obtain a square meal is at
Forrest's Union Restaurant,
Camp Douglas.

Officers and Gentlemen residing at Camp Douglas have already learned where they can obtain the best board on the most advanced table and patronage will be extensively patronized. There is room for more.
Soldiers and transient residents will find a well furnished and courteous bill of fare.

open" kind of them they can save their
lives at all hours of the day. JAN 17

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Manufacturers of Builders' and other Hardware,
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AMERICAN CLOCKS,
AND
CLOCK MATERIALS,
with all the advantages of the Eastern market
in regard to both selection and price.

HENRY W. EDESS, *Has*
\$466-3m *Proprietor.*

NOTICE!

THE **WEEKS** would respectfully inform his friends that he will leave for SAN FRANCISCO on or about the 1st inst., so as to secure the 1st of April. He is anxious to secure any COMMISSIONS they may favor him with will have his REPT. ATTENTIVE. He is, Respectfully,
Pioneer Jewelry Store,
Main Street,
P. M. - Mr. JAS. M. BARLOW will conduct the business here during his absence.
\$464-2m

Clocks! Clocks!

MUST received a complete assortment, guaranteed perfect time and low prices.

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of the celebrated **SCOTT, BEEBE & CO.**

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A Calculation of the Chance.

It seems that the Anti-Polygamy Act is to be enforced in Utah, and, if necessary to secure the cessation of a practice so purely evil in its nature, the legislation will be had, to be followed by prompt action, for Congress is very evidently in earnest this time. The veto imbroglio may delay, and, possibly, give the affair a new aspect, but we throw not. If, then, the solution of the Mormon problem is at hand, we may with propriety attempt to discover the probable consequences to ensue at each stage of procedure.

That armed resistance will be made by the Mormons, seems to be a foregone conclusion with many. This belief is founded upon an incorrect, and, in some cases, most absurd estimate of the capacity of the Mormon leaders for mischief, and arises from profound ignorance of the situation and of the resources which could be brought to bear for the purpose named.

If successful resistance seemed within the range of remotest possibility, we do not for a moment doubt that it would be attempted. The disposition of the leaders is, in fact, for such an enterprise; all they lack is the requisite power to carry it through to a favorable issue. Nothing of this kind can be deduced, however, from calculations of even the most erratic chance in coming contingencies; hence we infer that no serious effort to forcibly prevent the execution of Anti-Polygamy, or any other laws, will be made, at least not now.

Still, Brigham Young has fostered and forced one rebellion here, for which he was pardoned—unwisely, as we think—and the fact of easy pardon in his own case, coupled with similar examples of leniency to malignant traitors of yet more recent occurrence, may encourage him to a repetition of the experiment. This would not be very strange, since, by some extraordinary fatality in high places, it has come to be considered that the penalties of treason diminish in exact proportion to the magnitude of the offense and the exalted position of the offender. So it seems, at least, when the underlying virtues of rebellion are ignominiously executed, and the Davies and Lees, under whose orders they perpetrated nameless horrors, go unhung—nay, are held in temporary limbo until a sentimental public opinion can be manufactured to worship them as fallen heroes. But there is a very strong conviction taking shape in the public mind, that clemency to criminals may be carried so far as to become itself a crime, and it would only require one single new instance of the impolicy of perpetual pardon to call forth such a popular remonstrance as must cause the claims of justice to find recognition in the future.

Certain it is, that, to the extent of his evil influence, the Prophet of Polygamy has kept the temper of the popular mind in this Territory up to a pitch of antipathy towards the national authority, from which to open sedition would be but a single stride. But, to what extent the people of Utah may be relied upon for the consummation of such a purpose, is a question of such grave importance that he, who essays to be their chief, would do well to consider its bearing, upon himself and them, before plunging headlong into a career whose swift current he would be powerless to stem—before committing that overt act of treason which would call down on his head the righteous vengeance of an outraged nation.

A California contemporary, in a lame attempt to defend the Mormon Hierarchy, recently asserted that his government was "one of mind over matter," adding triumphantly, as though to snuff out the whole matter with a single sentence, "Brigham Young keeps no standing army." Without stopping to enquire of this assertion, by what right this hero of the Mormon should presume to "keep a standing army" within the jurisdiction of the United States, we simply state that the contrary of his assertion is the fact; that the church organization of itself constitutes a thorough military establishment, like everything else under the full control of Brigham Young, and that, to the extent of Mormon ability, they are armed, equipped and disciplined for war. We naturally inquire—for what purpose?

Lieut. Gen'l. Wells, who is one of the "First Presidency," the hero of the Echo Canon fight, in days gone by, and a mighty man of war, indeed, if his prowess equals his splendid title, declares that all their military musters and fanfares are kept up only "that they may be ready to march on the day of the Lord's coming."

The last sentence, which is taken from one of the war-like proclamations of the doctrine, "military above named," contains all the milk in that cocoa-nut, and, as for the "military," every body is too fully acquainted with the fact that they were actually executed, some two years ago, by a certain little band of California Volunteers, and that without any Mormon assistance, whatever, but in defiance of their good will, which was very strongly expressed by the other party.

Still, notwithstanding all this show of force, we re-assert our unbelief in the fact of any serious resistance being contemplated by the Mormon leaders.

We give them credit for too much sagacity, for the admission of such a probability. But as it is impossible to foresee to what extremes of folly fanaticism led by unbridled ambition may go, we should not proceed to make any such resistance as we intend, on the principle that what is possible for our enemies to do is probable they will attempt.

Now we desire our Salt Lake friends, after listening to the valorous advice of such men of approved courage as he possesses, who fills the purlieus of the post-office with martial blood-and-thunder, to calmly contemplate the situation as it would and must be, in the event of actual conflict—to look the ugly fact of war squarely in the face and see if they can discover much reason for extravagant encouragement in the examination. We do assure them, however fine it may seem at a safe distance, that war, stern, uncompromising war, is no child's play, but a very serious matter. It uses the logic of force—it means blood. It is no light thing to defy the constituted authorities of a nation, and that should be a most sacred cause, which shrinks not from precipitating the dread issue of armed conflict, and courts the bloody ordeal of forcible subjugation. Yet it is nothing less than this, that polygamists have deliberately done, and assert a fixed determination to persist in doing, even at the hazard of inevitable war.

"Whom the gods would destroy they first make mad." If polygamy insists, the game must be accepted, for no nation can long see its authority flouted so openly, without deserving the contempt of all men. We may premise, therefore, that it will be taken up—doubtless with reluctance on the part of the Government—but with no less a determination to make itself respected. We will suppose ten thousand soldiers debouching through the gorges of the Wasatch range into these valleys, their errand the enforcement of the laws at whatever cost. Are the leaders—we know the people are not—prepared for the consequences which must ensue?—for, mark you, it is not probable that the hand of justice will be a second time arrested in its descent; if again lifted to hurl vengeance against the offenders among a long contumacious people.

They would come not as an army of observation, but of occupation, and, if resisted, for purposes of destruction.—What has the Prophet to oppose against them? His undisciplined and poorly armed "militia"? They would but go to sacrifice before the well-appointed, equipped legions of the nation? What then?—would a resort be had to guerrilla warfare?—to what purpose?—Strong raiding forces, sent north and south, would carry devastation through these valleys, sweeping them as with the beam of destruction, and reducing their inhabitants, alike the innocent and the guilty, to swift starvation. These are ugly facts, but they are facts, nevertheless, and as such, necessary to be well understood by men who undertake to try the hazard of war. We should be sorry to see them come home to the people of Utah, but they surely will, unless they repudiate the evil men who are ripening their minds for revolt against the Government. These latter deserve the severest penalties of martial law, and will get them, too, most assuredly, if their evil machinations should ever make military rule a necessity in Utah.—Jeff. Davis would have been hung long ago, as he deserves, had he been left to military tribunals, in whose hands his offense properly placed him. There be those in Utah whose folly may tempt and insure a similar execution of justice, without a chance to thread the tortuous corridors of civil courts, where are concealed so many sliding-panels of escape for even the most notorious offenders.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION-VERDETT.]

GENERAL NEWS.

New York, March 1. At a large and enthusiastic meeting of mechanics held last evening, it was resolved to support the eight-hour movement by the house painters.

The Herald's Fort Monroe correspondent states that Jeff. Davis pretended to be surprised that the national salute which was fired on the 22d, included one for each of the lately rebel States.

Guadaloupe dates to January last show 1,400 deaths from cholera. Advice to the 17th day the contagion was decreasing, but had made its appearance in Dominica. Cholera was found at Havana.

San Cruz dates to Feb. 19th and the city of Mexico to the 10th give a new list of imperial successes, principally in Michoacan, where 2,000 Justices were defeated with great loss and disposed.

The Times' Washington special says, the President is fully sustained by the Cabinet, and there will be no disruption.

Washington, March 1. J. G. Swisshelm was dismissed from his clerkship in the Quartermaster General's office on Monday, for language disrespectful to the President, in a little weekly paper edited by her.

Maximilian's agent is boasting about Washington in a very unobtrusive way. At the request of Mrs. Lincoln, the Treasurer of the United States has invested the amount of \$25,000, voted to her by Congress, in 4½ per cent bonds.

unrepealed. He used language of action between the legislative and executive branches of the Government, and announced himself an admirer of the President and his general line of policy.

Woodbridge, of Vermont, followed in a very brief speech, in favor of the proposition, and spoke with force and clearness. Bingham closed the debate, considering the objections urged against the amendment, and saying that it was nothing more than a bill to give Congress the power to enforce guarantees and a bill of rights. He deplored temporizing and demanded that the issues of the hour be met in a manly and resolute spirit. One brave deed, that should commend itself to the natural instincts of the people, would be worth fifty makeshifts.

After the close of the debate there followed one of those little episodes for which the House has been of late so remarkable. It grew out of a point of order, made by Mr. Hale, of New York, and for twenty minutes there was some sharp sparring, in which about a dozen members took part. Even so good a parliamentarian as Gen. Banks was overruled, and Hale, one of the new members, carried the day and won the honors.

Considerable consultation had been held for two or three days on this amendment, and as a result of which, it became apparent that it could not be carried by the requisite two-thirds vote at present. Many Republicans were opposed to it on principle and many think it expedient not to make any more amendments until the Senate has acted on one of both of those which have already been sent to it. Perhaps it may also be added that there is a growing feeling that amendments may be overdone. At all events it is certain that it could not pass the House at present, and Roscoe Conkling therefore moved that it be put over till Tuesday, 2d of April. Before the vote could be taken on this motion, Eldridge, of Wisconsin, moved to lay the whole matter on the table indefinitely, but was defeated by 41 to 110. The question was taken on Conkling's motion, which was agreed to by 112 to 37.

Chicago, March 1. The Minnesota Legislature have adopted a resolution by a strict party vote, that it is to Congress that the people should look for a true reconstruction policy and we rely upon his firmness and wisdom in the present exigency of public affairs. Resolutions sustaining the President were tabled by a heavy vote in both Houses. The Legislature adjourned to-day.

The Wisconsin Legislature have passed the following: Resolved, that while we remember with gratitude the noble and devoted patriotism manifested by President Johnson, during the dark days of the rebellion, we should be guilty of deceiving him and misrepresenting our constituents, if we failed to declare that the message vetoing the Freedmen's bill, in its general tone and spirit, has caused pain and disappointment among his true friends and supporters, and has been hailed with exuberant joy and exultation by every man who sympathizes with the rebellion, or who was cold and indifferent when treason threatened the life of the Republic.

Resolved, that we most cordially endorse and approve the action of those Senators and Representatives in Congress, who have persistently asserted the right of Congress to determine for itself when, and in what manner, it will admit Representatives from the States, disorganized by rebellion, and we earnestly request them to firmly resist the admission of Representatives from such States until peace is fully secured and the people of each State positively guarantee equal and exact justice to all men within her borders.

Washington, March 2. The Congressional committee for the circulation of documents among the people are arranging for a most thorough diffusion of such documents as will put all the questions connected with reconstruction fully and fairly before the country. It is charged that this committee are bent upon sowing nothing but the character of the men comprising the committee is sufficient guarantee of its falseness.

The Miscellaneous Appropriation Bill as it passed the House, included the following for the survey of public lands:—In California, \$30,000; Oregon and Washington, \$20,000 each; Nebraska, \$30,000; Colorado, \$10,000.

New York, March 1. Senator Doolittle addressed a meeting of Republicans at New Haven last night, which was called for the purpose of sustaining the President and endorsing his policy. Doolittle called upon all the Republicans to stand by the President and contended that Johnson had carried out every requirement of the Baltimore platform. He insisted upon the immediate admission of loyal members from Tennessee. He opposed forcing negro suffrage on the South and said Gen. Grant had recently assured him that it would result in a war of extermination. He opposed amending the Constitution in any way, maintaining that changing the basis of representation is unnecessary.

Baltimore, March 1. At a meeting to sustain the policy of Congress, great enthusiasm was manifested. Senators, Criswell and Trumbull, of Illinois, Nye, of Nevada, and Representatives McKee, of Kentucky, and F. Thomas and J. L. Thomas, of Maryland, and others, spoke. Senator Trumbull reviewed the recent speech of Secretary Seward at New York.

St. Louis, March 2. By act of the Leg's office, the name of the south-west branch of the Pacific railroad has been changed to that of the South Pacific railroad, and three commissioners have been appointed to conduct its sale under foreclosure of State mortgages. The commissioners have organized with Gen. Osterhouse, President. Two parties, one headed by Danl. S. Dickinson, and the other by Freeman, are struggling every day to get hold of the road.

Washington, March 2. The House Committee on the Pacific Railroad considered the question of further aid to the northern route yesterday, but without other result than showing a favorable disposition.

New York, March 2. The news of the suspension of the Habeas Corpus in Ireland, creates great excitement in the Fenian circles. Proclamations have been issued for all the cities to be on the alert. It is O'Mahoney's belief that fighting will begin in Ireland.

Cornwall, C. W., March 2. At a public demonstration and dinner given to the members of the Government last evening, speeches were made by

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Next to the Overland Stage office, East Temple Street SALT LAKE CITY.

General Merchandise, Dry Goods,

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Notions, Fancy Articles, Agricultural Implements,

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Than any House in town.

For Cash or All kinds of Produce

AT WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

Immense supplies —OF— HATS AND CAPS,

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NOTIONS, Together with a splendid assortment of GLASS AND QUEENWARE!

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SECOND TO NONE IN THIS TERRITORY,

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A few Doors below the Telegraph Office.

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CALIFORNIA AND THE EAST with a

GENERAL ASSORTMENT —OF—

Fall Dress Goods, Staple Dry Goods, and various other

Articles necessary for UTAH TRADE.

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To close our present Stock and make room for more.

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LARGEST AND CHEAPEST Stock of

MERCHANDISE Unequalled in

QUALITY AND PRICE by any other

both Minister and Collector under the same Court.

In the Senate the country, copyright law and Great

Lane, off the Judiciary a law, calling to attention of the

The bill for the Canadian and the Rio Grande, the body corporate

the head of the parallel of latitude by the junction with the

company's construction, the side of the road the public necessary for state

An extinction of all as possible, but not without holding them, a

to twenty per cent of the Territories, on each side of States, but which

shall not be selected money shall be to build the road

equipment of the Southern Pacific to connect with the Railroad near the

It also authorized the Railroad of branch road to connect with the Pacific.

change in the conduct of the United States electoral college popular vote.

The Senate the House resolution and represent rebellious States

years, says the the year—Mr. Chandler, Comptroller

Pensacola, Keweenaw, How, K. Merrill, Nye, Pollack, Williams, Wade,

vis, Davis, Doolittle, Johnson, Lane of Morgan, NeSmith, W. Stewart, St. Louis, 19. Absent:

Bright. The above as on the passing over the veto, of Howard, who was the result shows majority and the President, in

marks, took occasion to charge that the result were unnecessary as the chairman of the committee on the members of the committee

in January 5th, assembling, a resolution, calling on the President for information about the plan, but no result had been reached. After time and meanwhile the committee on the members of the committee

Messrs. Galt, Howard, McDonald, and Carter. McDonald asserted that a conference of the kind had been held in the city of Mexico in a few weeks. Referring to the militia, he said Canada had now 2,000 (?) well drilled, with officers to lead them.

New York, March 2.

The President has appointed Gen. As both Minister to Venezuela.

Application for a new trial of Gonzales and Carter has been granted in the Supreme Court.

Washington, March 2.

In the Senate, Sumner presented a petition of the authors and publishers of the country, asking for an international copyright law between the United States and Great Britain referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Lane offered a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into and report on the expediency of passing a law, calling for a national convention to consider amendments to the Constitution, ordered to be printed.

The bill granting lands in aid of the construction of a railroad from Springfield, Mo., to the Pacific, was passed. It endows the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company with the essential functions of a body corporate and politic, and authorizes it to construct a railroad and telegraph line from Springfield, Mo., via the Canadian river, at a point between the 95 and 96th meridians, head waters of the Rio Pecos, near Anton Chico, to the town of Albuquerque, on the Del Norte, thence via Aquila or other suitable places to the head waters of the Colorado, thence along the thirty-fifth parallel of latitude to Colorado River; thence by the most practicable and eligible route to the Pacific branch, from its junction with Canadian River, and the boundary line of Arkansas near Van Buren. The authorized capital stock of the company consists of a million shares of a hundred dollars each. It grants the right of way through the public lands, with the right to take stone, timber and earth from adjacent lands, for the purpose of construction. Two hundred feet each side of the road is granted throughout, of the public domain, including grounds necessary for station and other buildings. An extinction of the Indian titles, as rapidly as possible, shall be accomplished, as to all such lands falling under such grant, but not without the consent of Indians holding them. The grants of alternate sections of land not mineral, to amount to twenty per mile on each side, through the Territories, and ten alternate sections on each side in its passage through the States, but where any such lands have been sold, granted, reserved, or pre-empted, other lands in alternate sections shall be selected. Coal and iron lands shall not be regarded as mineral. No money shall be taken from the Treasury to build the road. The bill requires the construction within two years and the completion of not less than fifty miles each year, and the construction and equipment of the whole line by the 4th of July, 1888. It also authorizes the Southern Pacific Railroad of California to connect with the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad near the boundary of California. It also authorizes the Northern and Central Railroad of Nevada to construct a branch road to connect with the Atlantic and Pacific.

Sumner presented a petition of John A. Andrew and others, asking for a change in the mode of electing the President of the United States, so as to abolish the electoral college system and elect by popular vote.

Washington, March 3.

The Senate last night finally passed the House resolutions not to admit senators and representatives from the lately rebellious States until Congress had declared each State restored to the Union, yeas 28, nays 18. The following were the yeas—Mr. Anthony, Brown, Clark, Chandler, Conness, Cragin, Cresswell, Fessenden, Foster, Grimes, Harris, Henderson, Howe, Kirkwood, Lane of Ind., Morrill, Nye, Pollard, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Sherman, Sprague, Sumner, Trumbull, Williams, Wade, Willey, Wilson and Yates. 29 nays, Buckalow, Cowan, Davis, Dixon, Doolittle, Guthrie, Hendricks, Johnson, Lane of Kansas, McDougall, Morgan, Nesmith, Norton, Riddle, Saulsbury, Stewart, Stockton, and Van Winkle. 19 Absent: Foote, Howard, and Bright. The above division is the same as on the passing of the Freedmen's bill over the veto, except the absence of Howard, who would have voted aye. The result shows a compact both of the majority and the minority.

Fessenden, in the course of his remarks, took occasion to reply to the charge that the reconstruction committee were needlessly delaying action, and as the chairman of the committee his declarations are official. He said the members of the committee were designated Dec. 21st and Congress then adjourned to January 5th. Immediately after re-assembling, a resolution passed both Houses, calling on the President for information about provisional governments and the process of reorganization under his plan, but no response of any kind had been made. After waiting a respectful time and meanwhile attending those subjects which the two Houses had referred to it, the committee proceeded to get this information by the tedious process of dividing this work among sub-committees. These have held daily sessions of two hours each, and all day on Saturdays. He did not complain of the President's action, but it was just that the country should know the chief cause of delay.

W. T. Coghall, of Ohio, has been appointed Minister to Ecuador.

The President has signed a bill authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to detail steamers to lay a telegraph cable across Behring Straits.

Wm. A. Browning, late private Secretary to the President, died here yesterday.

Since the annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury was made last October, the public debt was reduced twenty-five millions, all expenses paid, and available funds of coin and currency increased forty-seven and a half millions. The reduction of the debt was in part obligations and legal tender notes.

New York, March 3.

The Express says it is estimated that Fenian Headquarters to day that nearly one million men are ready to move for the liberation of Ireland, upon orders to march. Several thousands are said to have joined since Thursday. The same paper has a report on good authority, that negotiations are now progressing at Washington to obtain from the United States Government recognition of power, Sir Frederick Bruce, has it is stated, protested against any such applications being received in the departments of the British Government. The Central committee have issued orders to the Brotherhood, to set in strict accordance with the United States neutrality law. The

meeting at Jones Woods to-morrow, it is expected to be very large, eight stands for speakers, and to be erected on the grounds. Gen. Nagle, has resigned as a member, on account of professional duties.

Maximillian landed a decree granting bounties to all vessels sailing under the Mexican flag, eight dollars per ton to those built in Mexico; four dollars per ton to those nationalized by Mexican laws, making voyages beyond America; and two dollars per ton to those making voyages to the United States, West Indies, South America and Central America.

New York, March 3.

A committee of the Aldermen on bridging Broadway at Crowden Point, report that several plans have presented. The estimated cost of the bridges of iron were stated to be from ten to fifteen thousand dollars for each of the posts.

A Washington special says the Reconstruction Committee has agreed to the proposition to admit the delegation from Tennessee to seats in Congress. Two or three reports will be presented by members of the committee, the majority reporting a joint resolution in favor of the admission. The Tennessee members will probably obtain their seats very soon.

The Ways and Means Committee is in session to-day, rapidly perfecting the new tax bill. The protectionists are here in great force, intending to press their claims upon Congress.

New York, March 3.

The Commercial Washington special says, the English Minister has protested against the immunity enjoyed by Fenians, but Government does not regard the evidence sufficient to warrant interference.

The Commercial says, the stock market remains remarkably quiet, the miscellaneous list is generally weak, excepting Western Union Telegraph, which rose 13 1/4. Government is still strong and in good demand. There are rather more applications for discounts. The dry goods auctions are supplying a good amount of paper which is taken at 8 to 10 per cent. Gold, continues weak. Large sales of gold bought of Government were made at current demand and the price this morning touched, 136 7/8. The shipment of specie to-day is very light being \$67,700 per alienation. The total for week \$75,453; exports of specie from this point during the week amounts to \$754,533.

Washington, March 3.

Secretary of the Treasury, is about issuing orders to Treasury Agents, south to call in sub agents and close business, which has been a losing one to Government, though profitable to all employed.

The House committee on claims reported against paying damages inflicted during Early's raid against Washington in the summer of 1864, when it will be remembered that Blair's house was burned, &c. &c. If a claim amount to \$145,000, as ascertained by a military commissioner, and the validity was established by the court of claims.

The Secretary of the treasury yesterday issued the following circular to the Custom House officers, relative to Chilean and Peruvian prizes. Treasury Department, March 2, 1866. It has been officially announced to this Government that hostilities between Spain and Peru have been resumed, possible during the continuation of our hostilities attempts will be made to bring into the United States ports, prizes taken by one party from the other. Custom Officers will use all diligence to prevent the entrance of such vessels, except such as are in distress when the provisions of the act of 1790 must be strictly enforced and collectors will then promptly notify the department of the fact of such arrival and the circumstances attending the same.

Washington, March 3.

The following order has been issued: HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, Adj. Gen's Office, Washington, Feb. 1, '66.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 55.

A board of officers will assemble at St. Louis, Mo., March 14th, 1866, or as soon thereafter as practicable, to make recommendations for brevet promotion from the brevet or actual rank for which the appointment is already confirmed to the grades of Brigadier and Major Generals in the regular army. They are to recommend by the officer's record of services during the recent war. The board will make its recommendations either from the list of appointments to those grades already made, but not confirmed, or from officers not appointed. The recommendations will be of two different classes. 1st, for gallant and meritorious service; 2d, for faithful service. Recommendation for first class will only be for the specific actions and companies in which the officer recommended the special action of campaign should be stated for which each brevet is recommended. The Adjutant General will at once forward to the senior officer of the board, at St. Louis, the recommendation for brevet or other information necessary for the action of the board on the case of the officer's nominated or recommended for brevet promotion. By order of

GENERAL GRANT.
(Signed,) E. D. TOWNSEND.
St. Louis, March 2.

Gen. Pope has issued an order detailing plans for the safety of travelers and trains crossing the Plains. Forts Ridgely and Abercrombie are designated as posts of rendezvous for all trains from Minnesota for the Upper Missouri, Yellowstone, Black Hills and Powder river regions. Fort Kearney is the rendezvous for trains going to Denver or Fort Laramie, via the Platte river route, and Fort Riley for trains going to New Mexico and Colorado, by the Smoky Hill or Arkansas river routes. At these points all trains will be organized and equipped for defense, and no train of less than 22 wagons and 30 armed men, under a properly appointed captain, will be allowed to proceed. The same arrangement will be required of return trains. Commanders of all military posts are required to inspect all trains and compel compliance with these orders. Military escorts will be furnished where necessary, and in case of attack prompt assistance will be given. Travelers will not be permitted to cross the Plains except in accordance with this plan.

Great Enterprise, —Cosmopolitan Auction House.

A new Auction House with the above name will be opened to-day on the west side of East Temple Street, a few doors above Kimball & Lawrence's store, opposite the Pacific Telegraph Office. It

The Daily Union-Printer
Local and Miscellaneous.
Be tried to reform music, which Of love and peace thought worthy singing; But dismissed the chorus, saying, "Sing When crime's dumb bells are round the ring."

Interesting matter on every page.

WANTED.—At the Union Restaurant, Camp Douglas, a stout girl, as kitchen maid.

"Emigrant's" article on the newly discovered gold mines in Rush Valley is crowded out this morning.

MAJOR J. W. Drew, U. S. Paymaster, arrived from San Francisco yesterday with funds to pay off the troops at Camp Douglas and Fort Bridger.

THE mustering out of the 1st Michigan Veteran Cavalry, will commence to-day at Camp Douglas, and before the end of the week all of those who choose to be discharged here, will be citizens. We understand that a very large majority of the Regiment will take advantage of this order to become residents of Utah and the adjacent Territories.

To the North—Jos. Ryecrafts, A. Harris, Miss Anna Chapman.

To the East—W. T. Sanders and Family, C. M. Davis, T. D. Strait, A. G. McComb, N. M. Sawyer, Dr. Richards.

PER OVERLAND MAIL LINE.

From the West—Maj. J. W. Drew, U. S. A., and party, C. F. Eastman and lady.

To the West—W. Legg.

Seeds! Seeds!! Seeds!!!
T. D. Brown & Son,
Garden and Flower Seeds received this day by MAIL.

GROCERIES,
Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Tobacco, Cigars, And other Groceries.
BOOKS.
Novels, History, Science, School Books, Stationery, Slates, Pencils, etc., etc., etc.
Buy, Buy, Buy.

Sale of Government Property.

BY ORDER of the Quartermaster General the following articles of Government Property will be sold at Public auction at Fort Bridger, U. T., on the 12th day of March, 1866, at 10 o'clock a. m.

10 Tar Buckets,
8 Canvas Buckets,
6 Wooden Buckets,
3 Rubber Buckets,
2 Shoeing Knives,
1 Wagon Saddle,
21 Mule Collars,
6 Double Trees,
2 Hay Forks,
7 Pairs Hames,
25 Single Trees,
6 Pack Saddles,
1 Riding Saddle,
2 Monkey Wrenches,
13 Curry Combs,
6 Feed Troughs,
22 Halter Swaps,
50 Neck Straps,
7 Wagon Whips,
1 Wrench,
14 Horse Brushes,
4 Nail Needles,
4 Axes,
5 Canteens,
5 Canteen Straps,
1 Flag Halliards,
10 Hatches,
3 Mess Pans,
10 Pick-axes,
5 Camp Kettles,
2 Sibley Tents,
2 Common Tents,
2 Set Common Tent Poles,
1 Wall Tent,
1 Wall Tent Pole,
1 Wall Tent Fly,
2 Sibley Tent Poles,
18 Shovels.

R. D. PIKE,
Lieut., R. Q. M., 1st Mich. Cav.,
A. A. Q. M.

MONTANA Restaurant,
BY EAVES & SMITH,
Nearly opposite the S. L. House, East Temple street, Salt Lake City.
SUPERB Meals and Cigar stores, at all hours.
Transient and City patronage solicited.

CAMPBELL & COOPER'S FAMILY GROCERY,
IN BLAZARD'S OLD STAND.
City Hotel Restaurant,
Corner Main and 2d South Streets.
BY ALLEN J. SHIPLEY.
Transient and day traders accommodated with the best in the market.
Single meals and order served at any hour.
Patronsage solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.
Just Received

FROM
CALIFORNIA!

8,000 LBS.

FINE NATURAL LEAF TOBACCO!

5,000 LBS.

SWEET TOBACCO!

20,000 LBS.

COFFEE!

20,000 LBS.

SUGAR!

175 BOXES

GLASS!

Packages

DRY GOODS!

WALKER BRO.

jan13-1f

D. J. GOFF,
Next door north of Salt Lake House.
Dealer in
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Notions of all kinds.
CIGARS and TOBACCOS
of the best quality.

Jan17-1f

Jas. Mc Cormick. Charles Oille.

MCCORMICK & OILLE,
Corner of Main and Gulch streets,
HELENA, MONTANA,
STORAGE
AND
Commission Merchants,
JOBBER & DEALERS
In all kinds of
Salt Lake Produce
and
STAPLE GROCERIES.

We give particular attention to Sales of Consignments of Flour, Bacon, Lard, Hams and Salt Lake Produce.
Liberal Cash advancements made on Consignments.
Price current—based on actual Sales—sent weekly when requested.
Correspondence solicited.

Refer to
Scott, Kerr & Co., Bankers, Salt Lake City.
Holladay & Halsey,
Clark & Co.,
Walker Bros Merchants,
Kimball & Lawrence,
Bridgman & Kahn,
Bassett & Roberts,
Hon. J. B. Chaffee, Pres't 1st National Bank,
Daniels & Brown, Merchants, Denver,
Thomas C. Stevens, Leavenworth, Kansas.
Hawke Bros, Nebraska city, Nebraska.
Mar1-6m

FALL AND WINTER Clothing!

Immense Assortments
OF
CLOTHING!

—AND—
Furnishing Goods

FOR
GENTS and BOYS.

SIEGEL & CO.

Have now on sale at Wholesale and Retail in their
TWO STOREROOMS,
Corner East Temple and 1st South street, and also 2d door north of Salt Lake House,
Salt Lake City,
The largest assortment of the above, together with
Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Blankets, Woolen sh'ts

Yankee Notions,
To be found in the city, and at
TERMS AS LOW AS ELSEWHERE.
Send on your orders, or call, at
either house. Respectfully
SIEGEL & CO.
oct7-1f

New York Store!

Latest modes
LADIES' HATS,
GENTS' & YOUTHS' HATS & CAPS.

We desire to call the attention of the Public to our
NICE ASSORTED STOCK
—OF—
STAPLE AND FANCY Dry Goods
—AND—
GROCERIES!
CLOTHING!
HATS, CAPS,
BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

Our Stock has been recently filled up with arrivals from California, with
NEW GOODS!
AND
DESIRABLE STYLES!

To which we invite the particular attention of our friends and customers, and guarantee to sell as
LOW AS ANY HOUSE IN TOWN!
Don't forget the
New York Store,
Two doors above the Auction House.
jan13-1f

At the City Market.

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO'S COLUMN.

OUR NEW STOCK
For the
SUMMER & FALL TRADE,
Challenges Admiration
And comprises
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Latest style Dress Goods
MILLINERY GOODS
TRIMMINGS,
NOTIONS,
Also
Boots and Shoes,
GAITERS
BALMORALS &c.
For all sexes and ages.

Latest modes
LADIES' HATS,
GENTS' & YOUTHS' HATS & CAPS.

GENTS' CLOTHING
and
Furnishing Goods,
Fancy and Staple
Groceries.
The finest
TEAS!
Ever brought to Utah.

Also
Hardware,
Glass and
China ware,
Perfumery,
—And—
Fancy Articles,
School Books,
Paper and Stationery

This new Stock was purchased at the east when gold was at its very lowest, thus enabling us to
Defy Competition,
at
Wholesale and Retail,
The highest Price paid for Produce.
N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.,
East Temple Street,
Salt Lake City.

At the City Market.

ALL SORTS OF ITEMS.

Just as the best collector of items, from every shop and flower she meets, from many a source we draw...

Too Late. His on his throne... Our fortune in his hand... But grim kinglayers, either side...

Was Adam the first person created, or was Eve the first maid? THE COLOR OF CREDIT.—Dun.

VERY CLEAR.—A Minnesota land speculator in describing a lake in that State, says it is so clear and deep that by looking into it you can see them making tea in...

A celebrated character, who was surrounded by enemies, used to remark: "They are sparks which, if you do not blow, will go out of themselves."

A wag in Detroit has been taking liberties with the reputation of the Pontiac railroad. He was asked whether he knew of an accident on that road, and replied: "Never—but once a middle-aged gentleman left Pontiac for Detroit, and died of old age at Binghampton—half way."

Dissolution Notice.—THE Banking firm known as Scott, Kerr & Co., of Great Salt Lake City, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be wound up by their successors, Nounnan, Orr & Co., S. L. City, Feb. 17, 1896.

FACTS WORTH KNOWING!

The only Exclusive BOOT & SHOE HOUSE in Utah IS GUERNEY & Co's.

The only Store that sells CUSTOM-MADE BOOTS & SHOES IS GUERNEY & Co's.

If you wish DRY FEET buy your Boots & Shoes OF GUERNEY & CO.

No other Dealers CAN sell the same quality of Goods as CHEAP as GUERNEY & CO.

No Trouble to Show Goods or Give Fits! WM. SLOAN WITH GUERNEY & CO.

ALLEN & MILLARD BANKERS, Virginia City.

DEALERS in Coin, Gold, Silver, Treasury Notes, and Foreign and Domestic Exchange.

Masonic Notice. THE stated communications of Mt. Moriah Lodge, F. & A. M., U. D., are held at their Hall, on the second Tuesday of each month.

FENIAN BROTHERHOOD! Sarsfield Circle, Fenian Brotherhood, hold their regular meeting in their Hall, corner State Road and Telegraph St., WEDNESDAY EVENING, at each week, at 8 o'clock.

If you want to buy Embroideries, GO TO ELGUTTER'S TEMPLE OF FASHION.

Empire Bakery AND Restaurant, BY RIETHMAN & CO.

The Bakery, CRACKER MANUFACTORY, Supplied with choicest bread and crackers of superior quality.

BANKERS.

HOLLADAY & HALSEY, BANKERS. At the office of the Overland Stage Line, Great Salt Lake City, will sell the highest rates for GOLD DUST AND COIN.

At the office of the Overland Stage Line, Great Salt Lake City, will sell the highest rates for GOLD DUST AND COIN.

Boots & Shoes

THE largest assortment of Boots and Shoes in this city is now open at my Store, opposite the Salt Lake House.

AT LESS THAN WHOLESALE Prices. Call and see me. E. B. Shoebridge.

Special Notice. Pioneer Line! T. D. Brown & Son, Have received a portion of their New Goods.

Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Tobacco, Cigars, And other Groceries.

Ten per cent under cost! We have a choice selection and great variety of Goods on the road hither, within a short distance.

Proclamation! To the People of Salt Lake and Vicinity.

WE, the undersigned, take pleasure in announcing to the people of Salt Lake and its surroundings, that we have opened our

Extensive Stock! OF DRY GOODS, Groceries, Ladies' Wear, Gents' superior clothing.

At the New Building, one door south of the California Telegraph Office, east side of East Temple Street.

Come one, come all! COHN & MUNKER.

The People's Store! F. AUERBACH & BROS., Dealers in Staple and Fancy Merchandise.

Staple and Fancy Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries, Yankee Notions, Boots and Shoes.

At the New Building, one door south of the California Telegraph Office, east side of East Temple Street.

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WILKINSON & CO'S

To Dealers in the City and Country! WE have opened the Store in Walker's New Building, a few doors below Salt Lake House, and have now on sale a large Stock of

Staple and Fancy Merchandise, Including Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Yankee Notions, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c., &c.

IN DRY GOODS WE HAVE Domestic, Denims, Striped Shirts, Checks, Cottonades, Flannels, Cashmeres, Blankets, etc. etc.

GROCERIES, Sugars, Coffee and Tea, Pepper, Allspice, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Cream Tartar, Soda, Soap, Candles, Yeast Powders, etc.

Hardware, Axes, Vices, Brass Kettles, Axes, Wood Saws, Spades, Shovels, Scythes, Picks, Sledges, Scythe Stones, Fry-Pans, Plows, Rope, and Horse Shoe-Nails.

CORDACE, Brooms and Buckets, MECHANIC'S TOOLS, And in short everything from a Salamander Safe to a Limerick Fish Hook.

Yankee Notions, We have an endless assortment. A big lot of Men's and Boys' HATS and CAPS.

Our Stock of BOOTS AND SHOES consists of Men's and Women's, Balmorals, Bregans, and Gaiters.

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John McCormick & Co.,

Wholesale Grocers. Agents for Ladd, Smith & Co's POWDERS.

Dr. Brooke & Glick, Physicians and Surgeons. Office at Goddard's Branch Drug Store.

Banking, Collection and Exchange. LADD & TILTON, Bankers, etc.

Wm. Spear & Co., Tobacco Manufacturers, No. 17 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo.

STEWART & HAAS, Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

I. O. O. F. UTAH LODGE No. 1110, O. F. held their regular meetings in Odd Fellows Hall.

JUL. STEENBOCK & CO. MANUFACTURERS of White & Flannel Shirt's, DRAWERS, UNDERSHIRTS & C.

IMPORTERS OF Gent's Furnishing Goods. NO. 14 MURRAY STREET.

Pratt & Fox, No. 139 and 141 Main street, St. Louis.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL, New York City. Warren Leland Bros. Proprietors.

The Overland DESPATCH CO. TO ALL POINTS IN Colorado, Utah, New Mexico, Arizona, Idaho and Montana.

TO ALL POINTS IN Colorado, Utah, New Mexico, Arizona, Idaho and Montana Territories, and the State of Nevada.

EASTERN CITIES, To all localities in the Territories, the rate to include Railroad and Overland carriage and all commissions upon the Missouri River.

Express Department. The Company owns its Transportation and gives a THROUGH BILL OF LADING.

Atchison, Kansas and Denver, Col.; Santa Fe, New Mexico, and as soon in the spring as possible.

Time to Denver Six Days. Mark Goods for Cattle and Mule trains.

"THE OVERLAND DESPATCH CO." Mark Goods for Express: "O. D. CO. EXPRESS, ATCHISON."

Rates and Information, Furnished by any of the following Agents: Williams, Martin, Agent, 68 Broadway, N. York.

Overland House, Corner Main and Eighth St's, Boise City.

Overland House, Corner Main and Eighth St's, Boise City.

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SAN FRANCISCO ADVERTIS.

Kellogg, Hewston & Co., Assay Office, Refinery and Chemical Laboratory.

ROWEN BROTHERS, IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS of Groceries, Provisions, Wine and Tobacco.

BANK OF CALIFORNIA, AGENCY, Virginia, Nevada, Wm. Sharon, General Agent.

JAMES LINFORTH, Commission Merchant, 308 BATTERY STREET, San Francisco, Cal.

O. B. FORT, Agent for the Collection of Soldiers' Claims, Cal. Vols.

ARMES & DALLAM, Importers and Jobbers of Wood and Willow WARE.

HELENA, MONTANA. G. B. Thomas, with Vivion and Simpson, Wholesale and Retail Commission Merchants.

ROBERT HAWKE & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, &c.

NEBRASKA, ASHTON & TAIT, Forwarding and Commission Merchants.

BEST MUSICAL INSTRUCTORS, The best Pianoforte Book, The best Organ Book.

The best Pianoforte Book, The best Organ Book, The best Cabinet Organ Book.

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MAIL COACHES.

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY, TO VIRGINIA CITY, N.Y., IN TWO DAYS.

United States Mail, Salt Lake to Virginia City, Nev.

Forms in connection with the Overland Stage, East, and the Pioneer Stage Co., West, 135

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE, Between Atchinson, Kansas, and Placerville, California.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS, The coaches of this line are Neat and Commodious.

And special attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers.

The Trip from Salt Lake City to Virginia, Nev. is made INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS.

INSIDE OF SEVEN DAYS, Thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placerville, Sacramento and San Francisco.

Coach's Leave Salt Lake City, for the West EVERY DAY, AT 8 O'CLOCK, A.M.

H. S. RUMFELD, Agent, Great Salt Lake City, July 1st, 1894.

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.

REIN HOLLADAY, Proprietor, Carrying the great through mail between the

Atlantic and Pacific States, This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES, In connection with the OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY.

To and from Atchison, Kansas, Nebraska City and Placerville, California, through Salt Lake City.

Coaches for Atchison and Nebraska City leave every evening at seven o'clock.

A Treasure and Freight Express, Carried weekly between SALT LAKE, ATCHISON and DENVER.

DRASKA CITY, In charge of the most competent and trustworthy Managers.

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES, Every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock.

For carrying Passengers, Mails and Expresses, for between Salt Lake City and Virginia City, Montana, via. Salt Lake City.

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES, Every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock.

For carrying Passengers, Mails and Expresses, for between Salt Lake City and Virginia City, Montana, via. Salt Lake City.

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